FBCC REMEMBERS

Communication and Education Changes in the Bryson City (and surrounding) area since ~1940

Friends of the Bryson City Cemetery Don Casada, April 13, 2023

Subjects proposed for consideration & added suggestions (discussion preference in parentheses)

- Communication (1)
- Education (2 tied)
 - Tourism (2 tied)
 - Travel (3)
 - Land Use (4 –tied)
 - Business establishments (4 tied)
 - Medical (5)
 - Churches (6 tied)
 - Utilities (6 tied)
 - Childhood then vs. now
 - Growth in and/or changing societal challenges (drug use, single-parent families, crime of now vs. then)
 - Intrusion of "outlanders"
 - Politics then vs. now
 - Loss of/changing value systems: willingness to be dependent on government, change in work ethic: "Where Are All the 12 Year Olds That Used to Mow the Yard" (Ray Stevens)

Charleston & Bryson City Post Office Locations See locations marked by number on the following sheet

- 1. 1872 to at least 1889: DK Collins Store (DK was postmaster)
- 2. 1889 to ~1932: Location is unknown
- ~1932 to 1942: Everett Street building now housing The Artsy Olive & Gourmet from
- 1942 to 1964: Ground floor of Main Street building erected by Thurman Leatherwood & McKinley Edwards, now Jimmy Mac's
- Feb 10, 1964 to Federal building from Feb 10, 1964 to ???? (after Jan 6, 2000, when Bryson Bottoms property was sold by Mitchells)
- 6. ~2001 to present: northeast side of Slope Street

All known locations of the Charleston/Bryson City Post Office are on land which was owned by at least one individual now buried in the Bryson City Cemetery.

Charleston/Bryson City P.O. locations over time



Everett Street post office, August 30, 1940





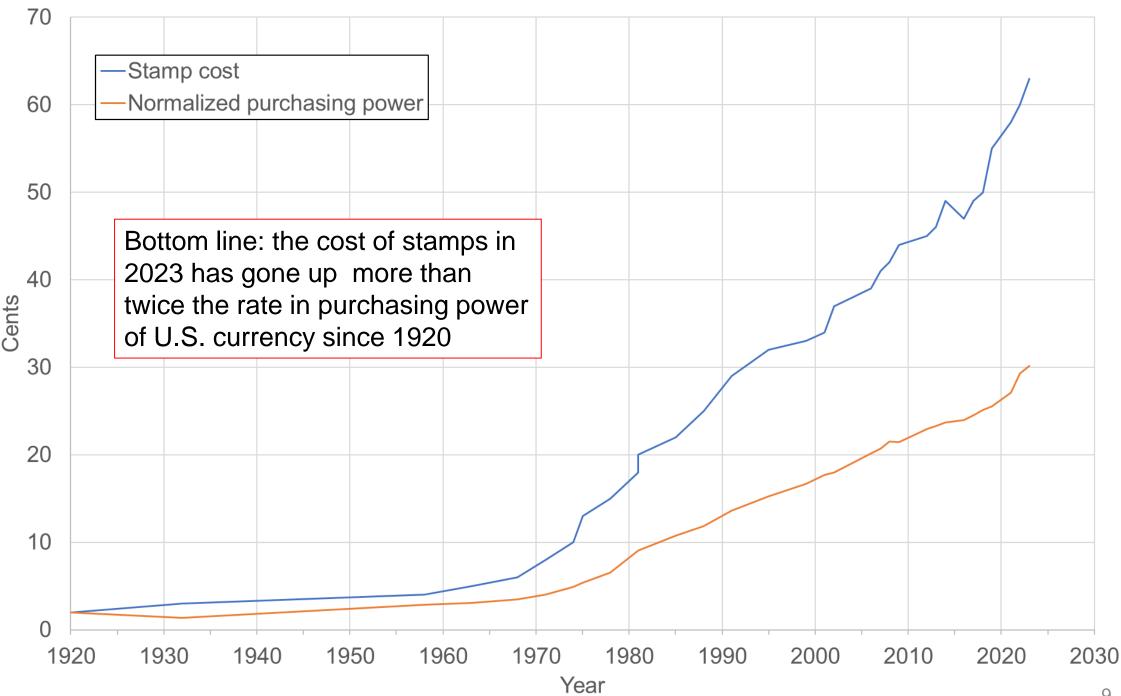
1942 to 1964 Post office location Today: Jimmy Mac's Restaurant



Individuals buried in the Bryson City Cemetery who once owned the land where the Bryson City Post Office has resided

- 1. Alfred & Lucy Raby Cline, D.K. & Mattie Franks & Ellen Sheffey Collins, James Robert Collins
- 2. Location not known
- T.D. & Mary Bryson, H.J. Elmore, Margaret Welch, Minnie Welch Elmore, Charlie & Ellen Welch, McKinley & Annie Edwards, Thurman & Nell Leatherwood
- Alfred & Lucy Raby Cline, M.H. Mendenhall, W.C. & Emma Mendenhall, W.F. Cooper, F.G. & Mary Stallcup Case, Mary Stallcup Case & W.B. Garrett, D.K. Collins, Mattie McLean, Annie & McKinley Edwards, Thurman & Nell Leatherwood, Robert Jackson Leatherwood
- 5. Alfred & Lucy Raby Cline, Samuel Conley, J.A. & Laura Cooper
- 6. T.D. & Mary Bryson and children T.D. and D.R. Bryson, Dr. W.E. Mitchell

Cost of standard letter stamp since 1920 compared to price equivalent to buying power of 2¢ in 1920



Telephone Service

- Bryson City Telephone Company was incorporated by R.L. Sandidge and J.L. Gibson on January 31, 1906. It took all of two days from when they signed and mailed the papers until they were registered by the NC Secretary of State.
- Before incorporation (January 2), Sandidge and Gibson had acquired exclusive rights to erect, operate and maintain a telephone system in Bryson City. The town was to receive a phone for free use by police or city officers. The town was also to receive 1% of the net telephone system earnings.
- February 6, 1906: County Commissioners authorized erection of telephone poles along public roads wherever needed. In December, they authorized installation of a phone in the courthouse.
- The phone system was not to charge more than \$1.50 per month for a home phone or \$2.00/month for a business location. Charges for connections to points outside the system were not to exceed 25¢.
- In August, 1906, BC Telephone Company leased "the two front rooms on second floor of a certain brick building owned by the party of the first part....in which the said Telephone Company has its Central Station." Rental fee was \$50/year, with free use of "the phone placed in the hallway of said building."
- The owners were Mary C & A.M. Bennett. The only brick building they owned at the time was the newly erected Bryson City Drug Store (later Bennett's Drug Store).
- In 1916, BC Telephone Company purchased town lot 9 from C.W. and Mayme Denning and moved operations location.

The BC Telephone Company's second location: Town lot 9



In 1919, Sandidge bought the lot from the phone company with another venture in mind, namely.....

Source: Kelly Bennett Collection, Hunter Library Special Collections

Sandidge Chevrolet; changed to Floyd Chevrolet in 1923



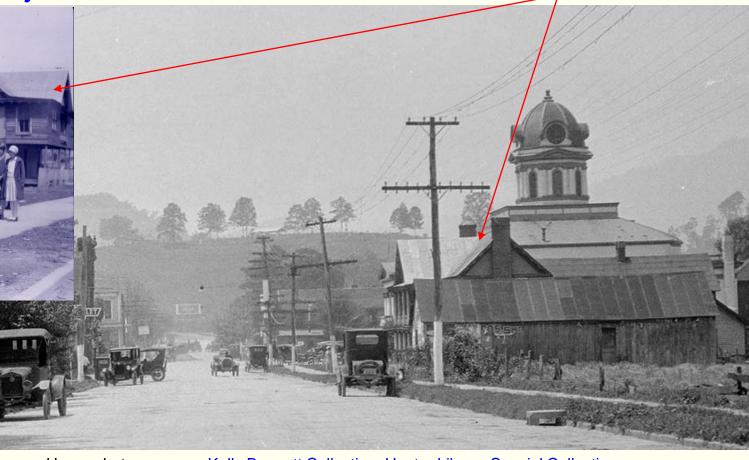
Source: Kelly Bennett Collection, Hunter Library Special Collections

Photo ID: HL_MSS21-02_03_111_neg_0093

Next phone system HQ: in the former home of James H. Franks, located just east of the courthouse







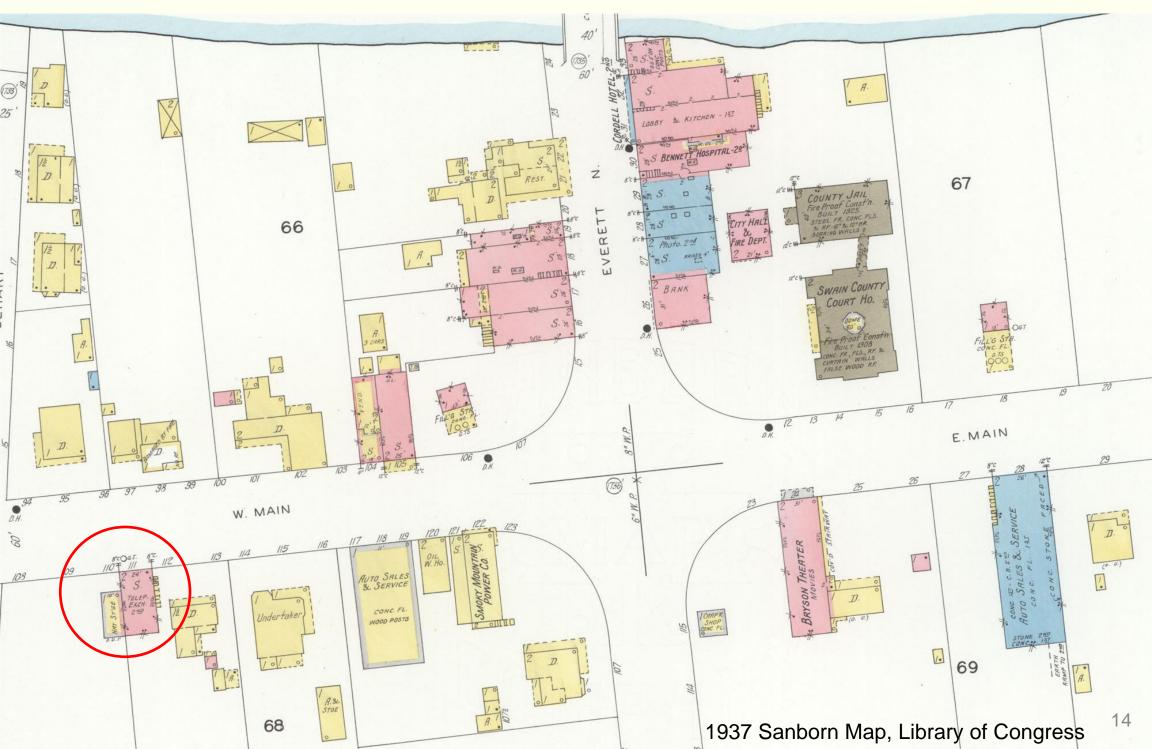
Upper photo sources: Kelly Bennett Collection, Hunter Library Special Collections Upper left photo ID: HL_MSS21-02_04_118_neg_0517 Upper right photo ID: HL_MSS21-02_03_111_neg_0082

The Franks heirs sold town lot 10, where the home stood, to BC Telephone Company (BCTC) in 1921. In 1927, S.L. and Hester Gibson bought the lot from BCTC; the same day, the phone company sold the operation to Western Carolina Telephone. In 1930, the Gibsons sold the lot to Standard Oil Company.

maintained the lines & made new installations. Mrs. Gibcustomer cranked the phone and removed the receiver, it was Mrs. Gibson who said "Halla, 'num' please".

Samuel Leonard & Hester Sitton Gibson. Mr. Gibson Photo of Hester Sitton and Samuel Leonard Gibson, both buried in the BC Cemetery son was the switchboard operator, the 'central', When a (as is James H. Franks), is from Heritage of Swain County. Leonard. Gibson was a nephew of J.L. Gibson, one of the two original incorporators.

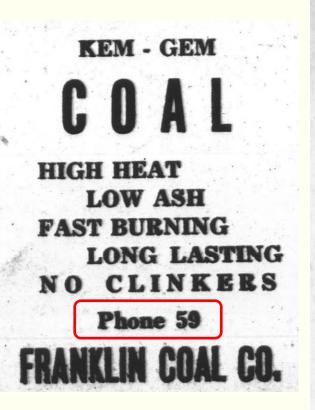
In 1933, Western Carolina Telephone leased space from Charlie Browning in "The Browning Building"



Telephone Service (continued)

- April 30, 1952: switched from operator making connections to user dialing; all local numbers became four digits. Location: "Brick building behind Sim DeHart's barn"
- Do you remember your four-digit phone number?
- Long distance: Operator assisted; person-to-person, station-tostation, collect
- 1963: Toll free dialing between Bryson City and Cherokee; to call Bryson City from Cherokee, dial 488 and then the number. To call Cherokee from Bryson City, dial 7 and then the number (Smoky Mountain Times, June 27, 1963)
- 1968: Sixty new customers in the Brush Creek, Almond and Needmore connected to the phone system
- 1971: Direct Long Distance Dialing
- Pay phones in or around town did you ever use them?

1940



January 11 BC Times



archived issues of the Bryson City Times and Smoky Mountain Times, found here: https://www.digitalnc.org/newspapers/the-smoky-mountain-times-bryson-city-n-c/.

December 19, 1940

NANTAHALA

Seventeen local businesses had ads in the Bryson City Times; only two included phone numbers



1950: Still some two and three digit phone numbers





YOU MUST SEE . .

Fiesta

We now have in stock a complete line of this well-known Chinaware . . . All pieces in the latest style and pastel shades.

EACH PIECE AVAILABLE SEPARATELY AT 20c TO \$2.25.

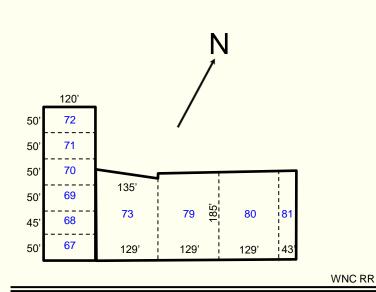


PHONE 10

1-1

BRYSON CITY

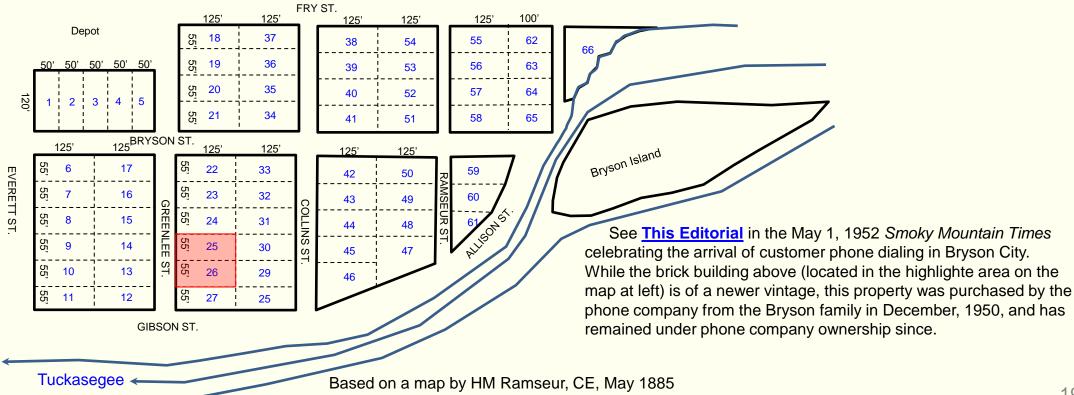
1950: Purchase of two lots from the Bryson family for installation of a new automated switching station



N 28° W



N 62° E



Swain Deed Book 5, pp 334-335

The system switched to all phones having 4-digit numbers on April 30, 1952. On that date, customers also began doing their own dialing.





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Swain Communities To Get Phones in 1961

Several Swain communities will receive phone service for the first time in their history in 1961, an official of the western North Carolina phone company announced Wednesday February 17.

Brush Creek, Alarka and Grassy Branch are communities slated to receive a combined total of 130 phones by April of 1961, LJ Phillips of the phone company said.

At Alarka, a 400 student school is without a phone.

(February 25, 1960 Smoky Mountain Times)

FOR SALE: 1 dinette set, 4 chairs, chrome legs, formica top, red, good condition, reasonable price. Lena Cole, School House Hill, phone 3262. 2-25-tf
FOR SALE: Evans oil heater, good condition. Phone 5781. 1-14-tf.
HAY FOR SALE: Orchard grass and alfalfa, 75c bale. Den ver Sutton, Whittier, phone 5668 Bryson City. 1-14-tf
FOR SALE: 47 Jeep, new al- uminum top, motor overhauled. Also boat, motor and trailer. Zeb Morris, Bryson City, phone 3130. 2-25-2tp.
FOR SALE: 1 screen door, 7 window screens, 6 venetian blinds. Telephone 6482, Bertha Cunningham, West Deep Creek Road, Bryson City. 2-18-tf.

Toll free, direct dialing between Cherokee & Bryson City June 27, 1963 Smoky Mountain Times

No toll fees will be charged for telephone calls between Bryson City and Cherokee effective 8 AM Friday, June 28th, Thomas H Sawyer, President of Western Carolina telephone company has announced.

This move was made to improve service between the two communities, especially during the visitor season. A C Tysinger, area manager, said that with the increasing number of people coming into the Cherokee - Bryson City area and the constant calling for motel reservations between the two towns, it was almost impossible sometimes to find a circuit open.

Installation of new equipment, including a new cable, makes it possible to now dial direct to Cherokee or Bryson City.

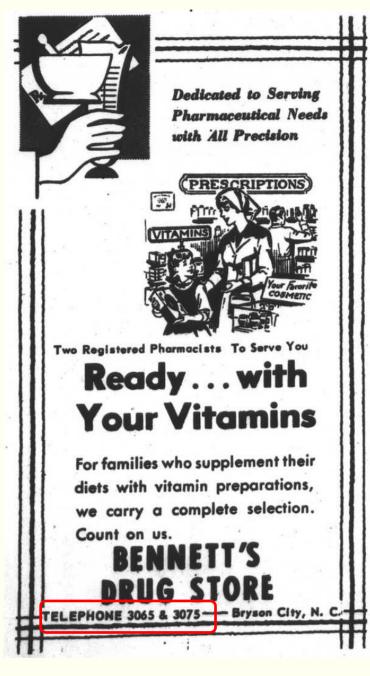
"If you are in Bryson City and wish to call a party in Cherokee, dial the digit 7 and then the number you wish to call. If you are in Cherokee and wish to call a party in Bryson City, dial 488 and then the number of the party in Bryson City you wish to call," Mr. Tyson explained.

January 18, 1968 Smoky Mt Times: Advertising with both 4- and 7-digit phone

Furnished Trailer for rent. Bryson Branch. Contact Mc-Kinney's Grocery. Phone 6217. 16-1tp

Unfurnished house on Airport Hill for rent. Call 4131, Mrs. Eudora Gunn after 3:30 pm. 17-2tp

FOR RENT 2 bedroom house on Spring Street in Bryson City. Will be ready soon to rent to some reliable person. Ray Ashe, Box 673, Bryson City, N. C. Phone 479-3963 Cherokee. 17-1tp





MOUNTAIN MOTORS

AIRPORT ROAD

BRYSON CITY, N.C.

PHONE 488-8471

Direct long-distance dialing arrived in 1971.

BEGINNING **IN BRYSON CITY** on JUNE 6, 1971 **ALL NUMBERS WITH 488 PREFIX YOU CAN DIAL YOUR OWN Station to Station Long Distance Calls DIAL "1" FIRST** Unless you do, your call can't go through. Dialing "1" CONNECTS YOU TO THE DIRECT DISTANCE DIALING EQUIPMENT. It's the key to faster long distance services. Enjoy DDD more by following these tips. **Calls Outside 704** Calls Within 704 Area Area Jot down the number before dialing. First dial "1", next the area code, then First dial "1", THEN the telephone the telephone number. Area codes are in the telephone directory or can be obnumber. tained from the operator. When **Dialing** Listen for the dial tone, then dial away. Be careful not to dial the letter "I" for the numeral "1", or the letter "O" for the numeral "0". After you have completed dialing, an operator may ask for your number. Give her your own telephone number - NOT - the number you are calling.

Remember — Direct Distance Dialing is for station-to-station calls only. Other type calls should be placed in the usual manner.

Western Carolina TELEPHONE COMPANY

Television

Relatively Snow-free Television Arrives: 1963

WLOS TV Translator Put Into Operation

A WLOS Asheville Television | Channel 13 signal will continue translator was put into operation here Wednesday. The 80 foot tower is located at Sherrill's Gap near Bryson City.

The translator picks up the WLOS Channel 13 signal and re-transmits it on Channel 8.

Terry Beeler, WLOS associate engineer, said this week that those in the immediate tower area can pick up this signal on rabbit ears, but that most people in the Bryson City area not already receiving WLOS on Channel 13 will need a Channel 8 antenna.

Those in this area who are now receiving a clear WLOS

Sep 12, 1963 Smoky Mt. Times to do so, and reception will not be affected by the translator.

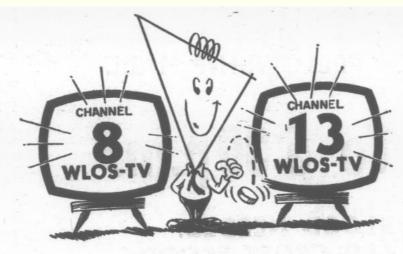
Lewis Sherrill is the local maintenance supervisor for the translator. Those who have guestions about the translator reasked to contact him.

He can also answer questions about picking up the Channel 8 signal.

Including labor, engineering, and materials WLOS spent some \$4,000 for the erection of the translator. Cornelius Laws donated the site.

A sixty degree beam is telecast by the translator, covering a broad area of Bryson City. According to Mr. Beeler, some persons will not be able to receive the signal because of terrain, small coves and hollows, but the over-all effect will be to greatly expand coverage of the Bryson City area.

Immediate WLOS plans include translators for Sylva, Franklin, Cherokee, and Spruce Pine.



We hope all residents of the Bryson City area are now able to receive a first-class picture from WLOS-TV. All viewers in this area have an alternative of using either Channi 13 or the newly activated Channel 8.

If you have an all-channel rotor antenna, you should be able to receive an acceptable picture on Channel 8 or Channel 13. If in the past you receive a good picture on Channel 13, you can now continue to do so.

To receive a first-class picture on Channel 8, you need to point your antenna at Sherrill Gap.

Should you have a Channel 13 antenna, it will only be effective when pointed toward the WLOS-TV transmitter on Mt. Pisgah.

Another alternative would be to have a Channel 8 antenna installed pointing toward the WLOS-TV translator at Sherrill Gap.

Through use of one of these systems, you should be able to receive a first-class WLOS-TV picture.

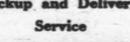
WLOS-TV Ch. 8 and 13 Sep 19, 1963 Smoky Mt. Times 26

WFBC (NBC – Greenville) and WSPA (CBS – Spartanburg) arrive

WFBC was originally at Sherrill's Gap May 6, 1965 *SM Times.* It was moved to Fry Mountain later that year

GREEN STAMPS with each \$5 or Larger Order HENRY'S CLEANERS PHONE 4715 Everett St. Bryson City Pickup and Delivery

Double S & H







In response to the many requests from the people in and around Bryson City, WSPA_TV is now making available its program service over a new television translator. The WSPA-TV Channel 11 translator is on Fry Mountain, 3.8 miles southeast of Bryson (City.)

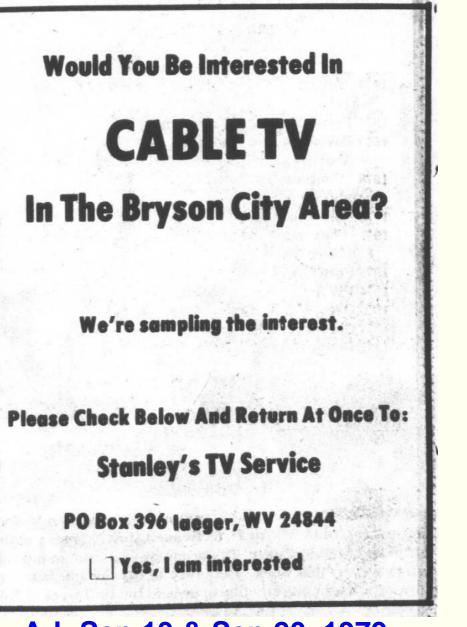
This translator picks up the color and black and white WSPA-TV, CHS programs from the main transmitter on Hogback Mountain and rebroadcasts them on Channel 11. This service is made available to viewers in Whittier, Birdtown, Greens Creek, Savannah, Gay, Alarka, Almond and Lauada as well as Bryson City.

For best reception of this new signal, turn your antenna toward Fry Mountain. If your set does not pick up Channel 11, call you serviceman, it may need some adjustments. Now See These and Others From CBS: • Gomer Pyle, USMC. . . In Color • Hogan's Heroes. . . In Color • Lassie. . . In Color • Gunsmoke . . . A Top Western • Dick Van Dyke Show • CBS Thursday Night Movie • Andy Griffith. . . In Color • Red Skelton. . . Tuesday Nights

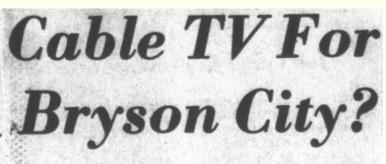
ENJOY TOP - RATED CBS PROGRAMS, NFL PRO FOOTBALL AND FINE LOCAL PROGRAMS - MANY IN COLOR!



The idea of Cable TV coming to the area was broached in the fall of 1979



Ad: Sep 13 & Sep 20, 1979 Smoky Mt. Times



The Bryson City Board of Aldermen, during regular session September 10, was asked to consider a request granting a franchise to a West Virginia man for operating a cable television service in Bryson City and surrounding areas.

Masel Stanley of Iaeger, West Virginia, owner of Stanley's TV Service in Iaegar and operator of one small cable serving 50-60 customers in his home state, received the board's permission to conduct a month-long feasability study to determine interest among area residents. Stanley will appear back before the town officials next month with his findings.

Stanley said that he would sample interest by purchasing space containing a returnable form in The Smoky Mountain Times. The ads were to run in the September 13 and 20th issues of the newspaper.

In other September 10 business, the Town Board observed the swearing in of a ney Joe Pachnowski stated that it was his understanding that Jackson County has a ruling from the Attorney General that the county may not contribute to the Committee for Lower Cost Power unless the state's Legislature approves. However, Alderman Clyde Bates said he did not believe that this opinion applied to Bryson City and Swain County as they are petitioners in the proceeding. The board instructed Pachnowski to obtain a ruling from the Attorney General.

A letter was read from Dr. W.E. Mitchell of Bryson City in which he proposed to donate a 40-foot strip of land between Everett and Slope Streets (in Bryson Bottoms) to the town. The strip could serve future development in the bottoms area, including the proposed county facility building. Alderman T.A. Sandlin made a unanimously motion. approved, to accept the street for dedication as "Mitchell Street."

Sep 20, 1979 Smoky Mt. Times

Cable television arrival: Top, front page coverage

THE SMOKY MOUNTAIN TIMES

The Southern View Of The Smokies

Volume 97, No. 23, Bryson City, NC 28713

20° Per Copy

Thursday, February 12, 1981

Town Signs Cable Franchise Agreement

Cable television service for Bryson City is apparently just a few months away now, as town officials signed an agreement allowing Nantahala Cablevision, division of OMNI Communications.Inc., to begin construction and installation of equipment.

This work will likely begin in mid-March according to Ron Long, systems manager with OMNI. Long said his company was projecting that the system could be operative within Bryson City by the end of June, given good weather and no unforeseen special problems.

"It's been a long time coming, but we're glad to see it now," said Bryson City Mayor P.R. Bennett. The town held discussions with several other potential the system operators over the Com past several years, but reached no agreement until the OMNI proposal was with presented.

By granting a franchise a local government satisfies Federal communications Commission requirements and receives small share of the cable system revenues.

the county.

Discussions between OMNI representatives and the Swain County Commissioners were still being held this week. OMNI would like to expand east and west from the Bryson City limits once the system is operational throughout the town, but must gain a similar franchise from

"We're still talking with

al the OMNI people," County he Commission Chairman James Coggins said Tuesday he night. "We'll be meeting as with them again next week."

> Long said that the initial work would involve the erection of a 100-foot tower and antennae and disc earth station near Robinson Gap above the new high school. The cable lines will be strung along utility poles down into Bryson City. "From Bryson City we would be in a 'continual build' situation," Long said, moving out into county areas.

OMNI, operator of more than 20 existing systems, serves areas with a residence density of 40 or more homes within a mile radius, but has built along less densely po-

pulated routes to reach areas of greater population, which it would have to do to reach the Whittier and Alarka communities. The agreement signed by

OMNI and the town calls for the cable company to carry minumum of 15 television channels which will include the following:

One NBC off air station; one CBS off air station; one ABC off air station; one North Carolina educational station; one independent station (which will be Channel 17, Atlanta); the Home Box Office movie package; one religious station (Christian Broadcast Network); one local time, temperature station; one local access channel; and Plus-Six. a package containing the following channels; WOR-New York; ESPN-Sports; Nickelodeonchildren's CNN-News; WGN-Chicago; C-Span-Madison Square Garden.

Initial subscriber rates would be: \$8.00 per month for the basic cable- all stations except Plus-Six and Home Box Office; \$9.95 monthly for HBO; and \$7.25 monthly for Plus Six. There would be no cable hookup fee, Long said. The OMNI representative said that the company would employ one office manager, secretary and one technician in Bryson City to manage the system once in operation.



Signing For Cable TV, from left, are Bryson City Mayor P.R. Bennett, Clerk Peggy Medford, Ron Long of OMNI and T.A. Sandlin, Chairman of the Board of Aldermen.

Swain County Commissioners granted a county franchise the following month.

Sidebar: Special kudos to our Marianna Black Library for its role in information archiving and communications

Library Celebrates 50th

The Marianna Black Library had an open house in celebration of its Fiftieth anniversary on Saturday, May 12th from two to four o'clock. An estimated crowd of slightly over 200 attended this event.

Jack Welch, Chairman of the Marianna Black Library Board, welcomed all of the visitors and introduced the Board of Trustees of the Marianna Black Library: Carrie Abbott, Mercedith Bacon, Kay Killebrew, Dot Lyday, and Anna Lou Casada, Librarian, and Claude Douthit from the Fontana Regional Board.

Recognition was given to John Wilkie, Honorary Lifetime Chairman, for his many years of service to the library. He served as Chairman for over fifteen years, and was the first patron to check out a book when the library was founded. Mr. Wikle was on the steering committee in raising funds for the present library.

Three charter members of the Woman's Club who sponsored the Marianna Black Library when it was founded back in 1929 were introduced, Ora Dougherty, Fannie Leatherwood and Zennie Seay, and presented with corsages by Mrs. Bacon.

Jack Lyday recognized distinguished guests, including Dr. Ellen Black Winston of Raleigh and Louise Black Cox of Washington, D.C., daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Black, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Black of Tampa, Fla., son of the Blacks, and Mrs. Stanley Beck, daughter-in-law of the Blacks; Dr. and Mrs. Stanley Black III and children, Stanley Black III and children, Stanley and Sarah Black, Dick and Julia Black Ketner and daughter, Nancy Ketner; Mr.

THE BLACK FAMILY at the 50th Anniversary of the Marianna Black Library [Martha

March 24, 1979 Smoky Mt. Times

and Mrs. Ed Bryson, Durham, N.C. and Ms. Frances Reid, State Library, Raleigh, N.C.

Dr. Winston spoke briefly about her memory of her mother's dedication to library service in Swain County. She also made mention of the upcoming White House Conference on libraries and library service and said that it was altogether fitting that the Marianna Black Library Anniversary fall in the same year that national attention be focused on libraries and their value.

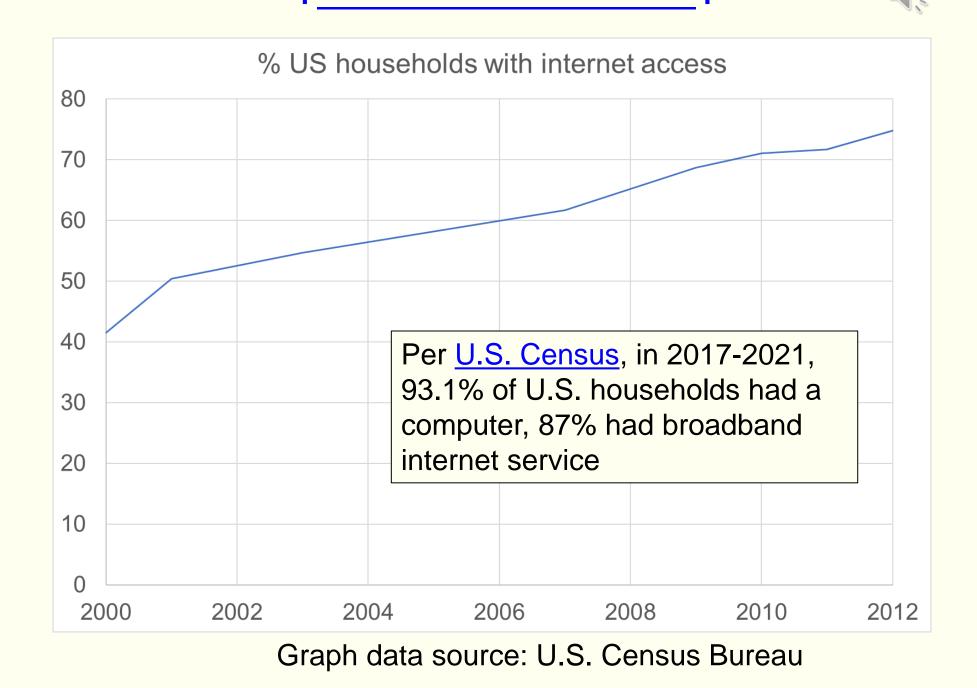
The library committee wants to especially thank the various clubs in charge of individual portions of the anniversary celebration: The Bryson City Woman's Club, the American Association of University Women, the Bryson City Business and Professional Woman's Club, the Swain County Extension Homemaker's Council and the Bryson City Junior Woman's Club. All of the materials from old Bryson City and Smoky Mountain Times used herein are available because:

1- Marianna Black Library archived the papers;

- 2- Images were digitized by the collaborative efforts of:
- Marianna Black Library
- Hunter Library Special Collections
- <u>DigitalNC</u>.

30

The first Internet connection was made in Bryson City on



31

A transition from Internet to Education

"Commerce and industry are certainly arenas in which the Internet has had a profound effect, but what of the foundational institutions of any society—namely, those related to education and the production of knowledge? Here the Internet has had a variety of effects, some of which are quite disturbing. There are more computers in the classroom than ever before, but **there is scant evidence that they enhance the learning of basic skills in reading, writing, and arithmetic.**"

Robert Kahn, Michael Aaron Dennis, in Britannica article entitled <u>Internet</u> <u>computer network</u>. Kahn, then at DARPA, collaborated with Vinton Cerf in the 1970s to first describe protocols used by all sorts of machines to communicate data – the foundation for the Internet.

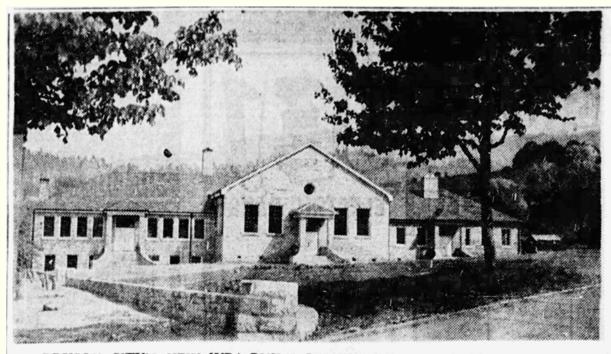
Educational tidbits, 1940 - 1950

- Early 1940s: elementary school consolidation begun in the 1930s continued
- Fall of 1943 last session of high school at Proctor (the school's principal, Lytle Hickerson, is buried in the BC Cemetery died in January, 1944).
- Did elementary students attend Bushnell and other schools affected by Fontana in the fall of 1943?
- The 1944-45 school year was the last for Almond High School (Thomasson)
- The Swain High class of 1947 was the first to complete 12 grades of elementary and high school

New Buildings erected by WPA



Source: Kelly Bennett Collection, Hunter Library Special Collections Photo ID: HL MSS21-02 05 131 neg 1207



BRYSON CITY'S NEW WPA-BUILT STRUCTURE --- The building shown above is the new vocational-physical education building at Bryson City which will be dedicated at exercises this morning. W. L. Lathan, Swain county school superintendent, will preside. (Photo by Kelly E. Bennett.)

The Alarka School, built by Swain County and the WPA, was opened in 1937. The WPA-built rock building on Schoolhouse Hill was finished in 1941

Education Building At Bryson City Dedicated

BRYSON CITY, May 9, (Special) He stressed the need of more voca-The new WPA-built vocational- tional training in the schools and physical education building here was promised continued sympathetic dedicated at exercises held Friday support of needed projects. He morning at which the principal ad- warned of the threat against Amerdress was delivered by C. C. Mc- ican freedom and urged all to put Ginnis, of Raleigh, state WPA ad- their shoulders to the wheel in aid ministrator.

The building, of native gray rock, test our liberties." He linked this was made possible through faith building as a definite part of naand the backing of the Works tional defense, as a training center. Progress administration, said War- Stanley W. Black, chairman of ren L. Lathan, superintendent of the Swain county board of educa-Swain county schools, who presided. tion for the past 31 years and on the 'We started the building on a shoe- local board for four years, stated string; our initial money was that the athletic field is of more \$3,000," he said. "The completed value than all Swain county's building cost \$52,000, of which school property when he joined the Swain county furnished \$12,000. The board. He spoke of the changed atbuilding is paid for.

"I feel that the greatest contribu- tion during his years of service and tion of the WPA is in the field of promised that this building should education. Not only has it made be used to promote the welfare of this building possible, but the school the county's youth. plants at Alarka, Whittier and Almond and our splendid athletic field. Today two of the dreams I board of county commissioners, have had since coming here are expressed his gratitude for all help realized: A building to house the given Swain county and his pleashome economics and agriculture ure in cooperating with this branch classes, this physical education room of the government. and the cafeteria in the basement."

A. F. Weaver Speaks

A. F. Weaver, of Asheville, di- The Bryson City band and the rector of the ninth district of the elementary school glee club, directed WPA, introduced by Mr. Lathan, by David Schrum and Miss Marspoke briefly and introduced Mr. garet Wilson, played and sang. In-McGinnis, who outlined the aid vited guests were entertained at given in numerous projects carried lunch by the school boards in the out in Swain county, linking them school cafeteria after the exercises with his theme, national defense. closed.

to Great Britain that "we may protitude of the people toward educa-

W. E. Elmore Heard

W. E. Elmore, chairman of the

Several guests from district and local offices were recognized.

Asheville Citizen, May 10, 1941

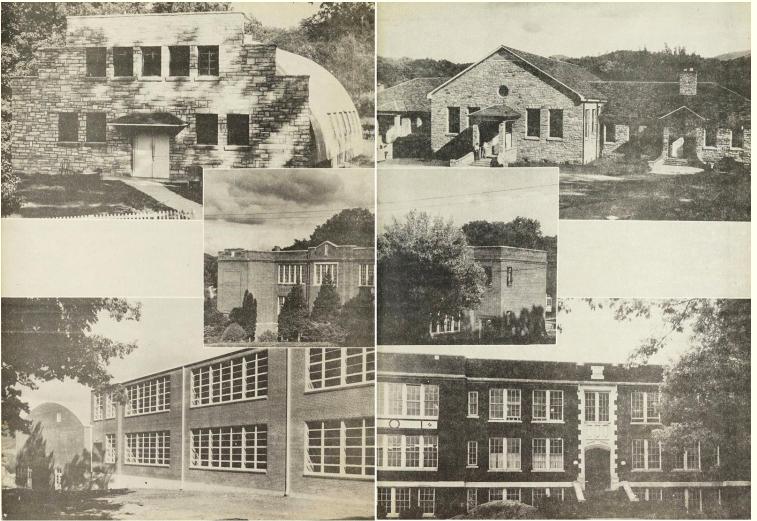
Asheville Citizen, May 9, 1941

Class of 1947 Click on photo to see an indexed listing of the folks in the picture



Photo courtesy of Jean Douthit

1952: New Elementary School Building & Gymnasium



School building photos from 1953 Ridgerunner

Smoky Conference Tournament To Be Played At Swain High

BRYSON CITY-The annual bas-|awards, with trophies in each ketball tournament of the Smoky bracket goin gto Clas A and Class Mountain Conference will be played AA school boys' and girls' teams. in the new symnasium in Bryson Coach Jones said that the winner City, beginning on Thursday, Febru- of the Class A school division would ary 19th and running through be matched against the winner of Saturday night, the 21st. This an- the Class AA school division to denouncement was made here jointly cide the conference championship this week by Coach Joe Hunt, of in the boys play-offs.

Sylva, as president of the SMC The two boys' teams advancing Coaches, and Coach Norris Jones of furtherest in the AA school division will be named to represent the Swain High School. The SMC is divided, geographical- Smoky Mountain Conference in the

ly, into two divisions this season. state-wide AA class tourney, the The top four girls' teams in each place and date of which are to be division, the top two boys' teams in announced by State AA officials the A school division, and the four later this season. Student admission AA school's boys' teams will be

On the first day eight games will

finals are set for Saturday night, girls' with boys' champion and champion teams emerging.

A total of sixten trophies will be for tourney site. awarded at the close of tournament play. These will range from winning team in girls' and boys' divisions, to best player awards, and a new trophy-one for the coaches -to be handed out by conference officials. There will be "bracket"

matched in the tournament, based tournament will be 50 cents each on team standings in the two di- day; adult fees are 75 cents for visions at the end of the regular each of two sets the first day, and season before the tournament is set. \$1 for each of the final two days. The new gymnasium in Bryson City was described by Coach Jones each. On Friday, in the semifinals, for the country of the seat 1,500 fans four games will be played. The share with the tournament. This factor, Bryson City in relation to the Smoky Mountain Conference, was considered in the coaches' choice

fee for the

Asheville Citizen Jan 18, 1953

The new gymnasium and classroom building being constructed adjacent to the other school buildings on Arlington Heights is rapidly nearing completion. Swain County Superintendent of Schools, WL Lathan stated that the building should be completed by early fall and that he hoped it would be ready for the opening of school on August 28.

The building of reinforced brick construction will be one of the most modern and beautiful in western North Carolina. In the test room section There will be 12 classes, four washrooms and an office. In the gym section there will be the gym itself, girls and boys dressing rooms, a boiler room, and two storage rooms. The classrooms with a recommended capacity of 35 will be used by the elementary grades to relieve the congested condition in the high school. The one office in the new building will be used by the elementary school principal.

The new gym which Swain County has needed so long measures 90 by 100 feet And if equipped with proper type bleachers could easily seat 1000 spectators. The old gym which has served since the mid 30s (it could seat only about 400 at best) will be converted into a lunch room in the future.

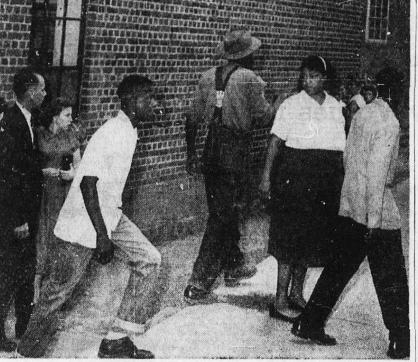
Contractors building the new gym and classrooms are, WB Dillard general contractor of Sylva, HJ Hyatt plumbing contractor, Waynesville, and Webb Electric Company Electrical and heating contractor of Anderson, SC. Work began on the new building in the early fall of 1951 but construction was held up for weeks because of the shortage of structural steel.

The front of the building will measure 226 feet; the sides will measure 150 feet (one side is shorter because of the greater length of the gym section). The back side is divided. The gym section will measure 92 feet and the classrooms section will be 134 feet. Mr Lathan has stated that the approximate cost of the actual construction would be \$245,000.

1956: An attempt to integrate Swain High and Bryson City **Elementary Schools was** rebuffed by County Superintendent of Schools, T.L. Woodard

The entire Education Chapter of state law was rewritten by the state legislature in its 1955 session. There was another law written in that session which was designed to forestall the 1954 U.S. Supreme Court's ruling which is commonly referred to as Brown v. Board of Education. In his August, 1956 rebuff, Woodard cited that law, but comingled an element from an act passed in July, 1956 at the extra legislative session which the legislature itself referred to as "The 1956 Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly" in Resolution 6 of the session.

It was, indeed, extraordinary.



Citizen Photo-Glenn NEGROES SEEK ADMISSION

terday after applying for admission with principal of the school.

Negro students left white Swain three other Negroes. Entry for the five County High School at Bryson City yes- was denied. At left is L. H. Ballard,

5 Negroes Rejected **By Swain High School**

Citizen Staff Writer High School BRYSON CITY, Aug. 30-Five Bryson City Negro students apwent plied for admission to the white Swain County High School as the fall term opened here this morn-

They were politely turned away and no flare-up took place.

It was the first known application of Negroes for admission to white public schools in North Carolina this school year and was the first such effort since the recent legislation on the Persall Plan, which will empower local units to shut down schools threatened with desegregation if voted as a constitutional amendment Sept. 8

It was the second known application by Negroes for admittance to Western North Carolina schools. Five Negro children petitioned the white Old Fort elementary school for admittance

their cars but not a word was a year ago and were refused. Swain County has no Negro speken between them.

The students, accompanied by The application this morning their parents, entered the office off without incident and of school principal Lacy Ballard was through almost before and were gone in less than five crowd of between 25 and 50 minutes, after County Superinadults and about 100 students gathered outside the school knew tendent of Schools T. L. Woodwhat was happening. A group of ard quietly informed them they whites followed the Negroes to could not be admitted because of improper registration.

"If you want to apply for admission again next year, you will have to register within 10 days after the close of the school term, according to the 1955 Legislative school assignment law,' he said

"We know you parents want the best for your children and we are not angry at you for coming here. Maybe in the next year or two something can be done,' he said.

The Negroes who appeared to

THE ASHEVILLE CITIZEN, ASHEVILLE, N. C. Friday, August 31, 1956

Negroes Rejected In Swain

-Continued From Page One

enroll were:

Carolyn Powell, 16, 12th grade and Barbara Ann Powell, 14, 9th grade, children of James Powell, a jack-of-all-trades. Julius McDowell Jr., 15, 9th

grade, and Betty McDowell, 14,

8th grade, children of Julius Mc-Dowell, a Baptist preacher.

And Herman Thomas, 14, 10th

All of the children with the

exception of Thomas have been

attending the Negro school at

Sylva. Thomas has been living

with an uncle in Ohio and at-

wanted to attend the Swain High

School because: 1. Their parents can't afford to pay their board

should they reside at Sylva, and

2. The Sylva school is not ac-

Between 10 and 13 Swain Coun-

ty Negro children commute about

45 miles daily to the Jackson

McDowell appeared before the

Swain County School Board last

week and presented a petition

requesting the board "to immedi-

The Negroes apparently have

ately integrate the schools."

no connection with the NAACP.

board in Jackson County.

and could in no wise afford such

does not know at this time if the

Negroes will proceed with a law

suit for admittance to the Swain

The petition has been in the

school board has had a series of

A Bryson City white doctor, Dr.

Harold E. Bacon, appeared at last

week's school board meeting and

spoke in behalf of the petitioning

He said he thought it would be

best for the community "to grace-

fully accept" the decision of the

Supreme Court and not have in-

"This is a moral issue." he said

'It is either right or wrong. I

think the people of this community

recognize the basic rightness of

this thing. They know it is com-

"I feel that if we went ahead

and complied voluntarily our

ently is popular and is active in community civic work.

tegration "forced on us."

ing eventually.

conferences with the Negroes.

credited.

County school.

an allocation.

school

Negroes.

tending an integrated school. McDowell said the youths

grade, son of Albert Thomas, a

Bryson City furniture worker.

and local funds-with 5 per cent paid by Swain County-to replace an old unit. There were 86 Negro students enrolled in the new school this

morning. Woodard said the School Board would have given the Negro students a \$35 monthly per student allocation "but we just don't have the money." He estimated such a proceeding would cost the county between \$3,000 and \$4,000 a year.

Swain County Negro students and Jackson Negroes moved into

a new \$100.000 school plant at Sylva this year, erected from state

As for admitting the Negroes, he said "I don't think the people of this community are ready for integration

"If it happened the Negro children would suffer more than the whites," he said.

He said intergation would make even worse "inferiority complexes" the Negroes have as a result of feeling they are "second class citizens.

Too, Woodard said he is afraid of what the "rabid element" would do at the onset of intergation. "But thank goodness we don't have many of those," he said. There are ten Negro high schools in the 16 Western Nort's Carolina

Earlier, through an Asheville One is in Asheville, four west attorney, Harold F. Epps, the of Asheville, and five east or south

counties.

Negroes said they were not askof Asheville. Those west of Asheville are loing integration but wanted, instead, \$35 monthly for each cated in Macon and Jackson coun Negro student so each could ties, Canton and Murphy.

Others are at Spindale, Tryon Woodard said Swain schools Marion, Hendersonville, and Moroperate on a \$40,000 local budget ganton.

Two of the four west of Asheville, the Murphy and Macon McDowell said this morning he schools, are one-teacher units.

Sending Negro students to school in another county, or another administrative unit, is a fairly common practice and done simply by an agreement between the two

wind several months and the boards of education. Under the General Statutes, the

boards have the authority to make agreements with other boards of education to transfer pupils from one administrative unit to another unit "when the administration of the schools can thereby be more efficiently and more economically accomplished."



WOODARD

problems would be over," he said. Dr. Bacon is a native of North -Turn To Page Five Dakota but has practiced medicine here for 21 years. He appar-

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Laws written during the <u>Special 1956 State Legislature</u> <u>Session</u> were entirely focused on avoiding school integration

Examples:

- Established "Education Expense Grants" for private, nonsectarian school attendance if the parents or guardians of a child did not want them to attend school with children of another race.
- Allowed the local board of education to suspend operation of public schools.
- Provided relief to compulsory school attendance if the parents or guardians of a child objected to required attendance at a "school attended by a child of another race" and if it wasn't (a) practical to reassign the child to a public school <u>not</u> attended by a child of another race and (b) reasonable and practical for the child to attend a private non-sectarian school.

Perspective: Considering the events from our perch of today

- It is worthwhile and needful to consider the events of that time through a pair of lenses:
 - A relative lens that is, the nature of not just the times in Bryson City, Swain County, but in North Carolina and the rest of the country and world
 - An absolute lens moral and legal aspects in universal terms of freedom, equality, fairness, justice
- Some personal thoughts, posted elsewhere

News and book coverage is telling

- Multiple professional photos were acquired by the press from at least as far away as Asheville early in the morning; this clearly indicates that the news media had been alerted to the planned enrollment effort.
- There were multiple reports, both local and remote, on the enrollment attempt which recorded T.L. Woodard's claim that a 1955 School Assignment Law required registration within ten days of the close of the previous year. That particular clause was actually in an act of the 1956 legislature, enacted subsequent to the closure of the 1956 school year.
- Form your own judgment about a <u>Smoky Mountain Times article and</u> <u>subsequent editorial praise</u> of Woodard's dissimulation, and Lillian Thomasson's <u>rehashing in Swain County – Early History and</u> <u>Educational Development</u>. I'll share personal thoughts elsewhere.

By all accounts, 1965-66 integration of Swain High and Bryson City Elementary went exceptionally well An anecdote, as told by Jean Douthit, who taught business classes at Swain High at the time:

On the first day of classes, Mike Jones was the first student to arrive in my homeroom class. He introduced himself to me and asked where he should sit. I said "You're the first one here – you can sit wherever you want to."

Mike went to the back of the room and took a seat on the back row. George Oliver was the next to arrive. He walked to the back and took a seat next to Mike and they struck up a conversation.

According to his own account in the <u>1966 *Ridgerunner*</u>, Swain High's annual, Mike Jones was a homeroom class officer. He played end on the football team, and was the first black graduate of Swain High. Other black students enrolled that year at Swain High who appear in the *Ridgerunner* were Julia Coleman (junior), Kenneth McGee (junior) and Apphia Moore (sophomore). My personal recollection, which could well be flawed, was that Rudy McDonald enrolled in the freshman class that year (my class), but his photo was not in the annual.

Mike Jones was the first black graduate of Swain High; the photos below are courtesy of George Oliver



Back: William Shuler Front: Jim Nations Washington, DC 1966*

Mike Jones George Oliver

Mike Jones Back: George Oliver Front: William Shuler **Jim Nations** Bryson City 1996

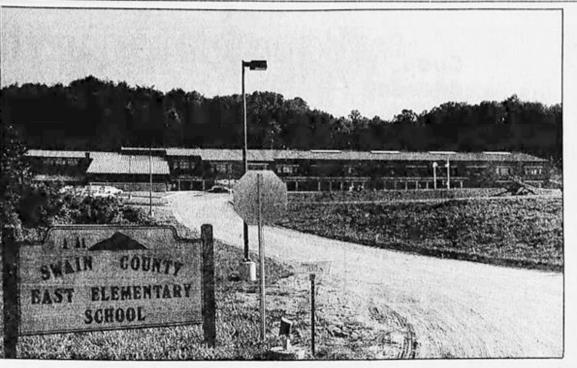
* Photo taken during the class trip to Washington, DC. That trip was an annual affair for seniors from the 1950s until 2015. There were four kids to a room; these fellows roomed together and then reassembled for a photo at their class reunion thirty years later.

1970s-1990s

- Issuance of school bond approved by 90% of the voters in November 1974 election
- Moved into the new high school in the fall of 1977
- East and West Elementary Schools opened in 1991 (see below); initially Middle School on Schoolhouse Hill was grades 7-8, now 6-8.

ASHEVILLE CITIZEN-TIMES THURSDAY, OCT. 31, 1991

SMOKY NEIGHBORS



GEORGE ELLISON/NEIGHBORS

The new Swain County East Elementary School (left photo) and an almost identical Swain County West Elementary School were dedicated recently. The old Bryson City Elementary School (right photo) will soon be razed to make way for a new Swain County Middle School.

